

Participate in the RENEB inter-laboratory comparison exercise 2021

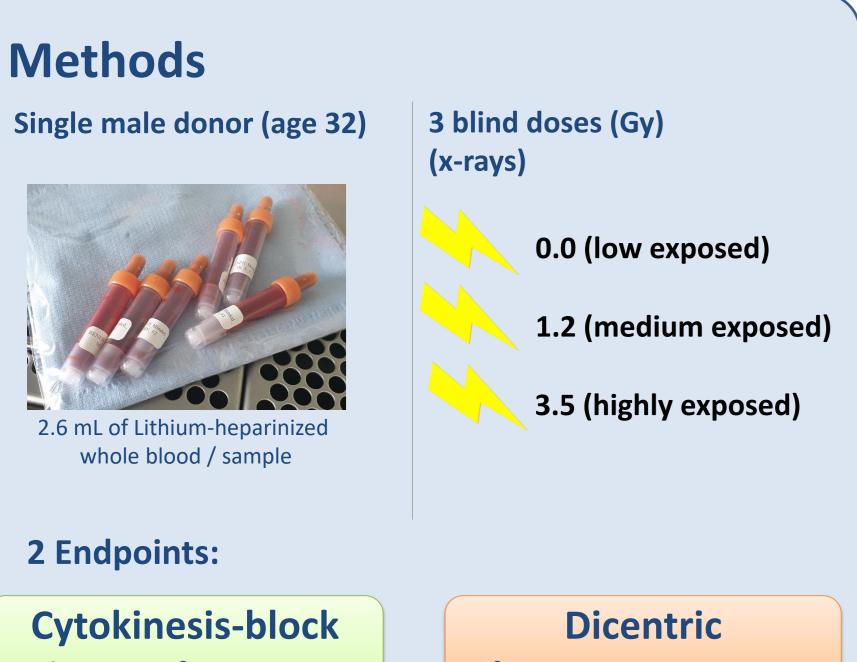
Cytogenetic assays for biological dosimetry: dicentric chromosome assay [DCA] and cytokinesis-block micronucleus assay [CBMN] following telomere and centromere hybridization

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Goal

RENEB 2021 inter-laboratory comparison of three blinded samples exposed to x-rays had the purpose of simulating an emergency scenario in which early dose estimates are required for immediate medical management support. The participating labs were asked to provide fast analysis in a triage mode and report results in a quickly manner.



√ 33 Laboratories

✓ 22 different countries

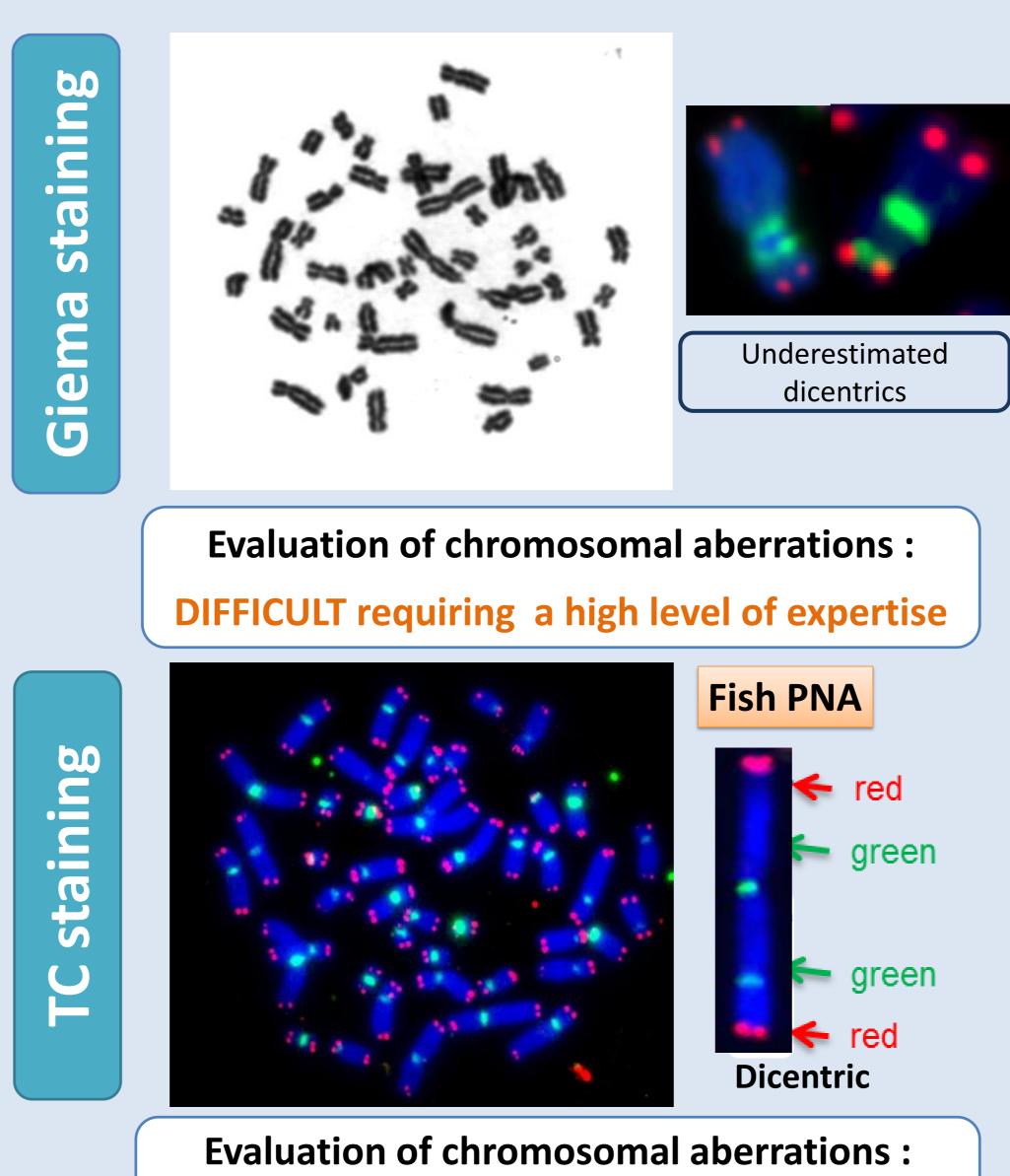
√ 150 metaphases scored

semi-automatically

- Micronucleus Assay **Chromosome Assay**
- √ 14 Laboratories
- ✓ 1000 BN cells in semiautomated mode
- √ 13 different countries

Detection

Dicentric Assay with Telomeres and Centromeres FISH improves Chromosomal Aberrations



EASY not requiring a high level of expertise

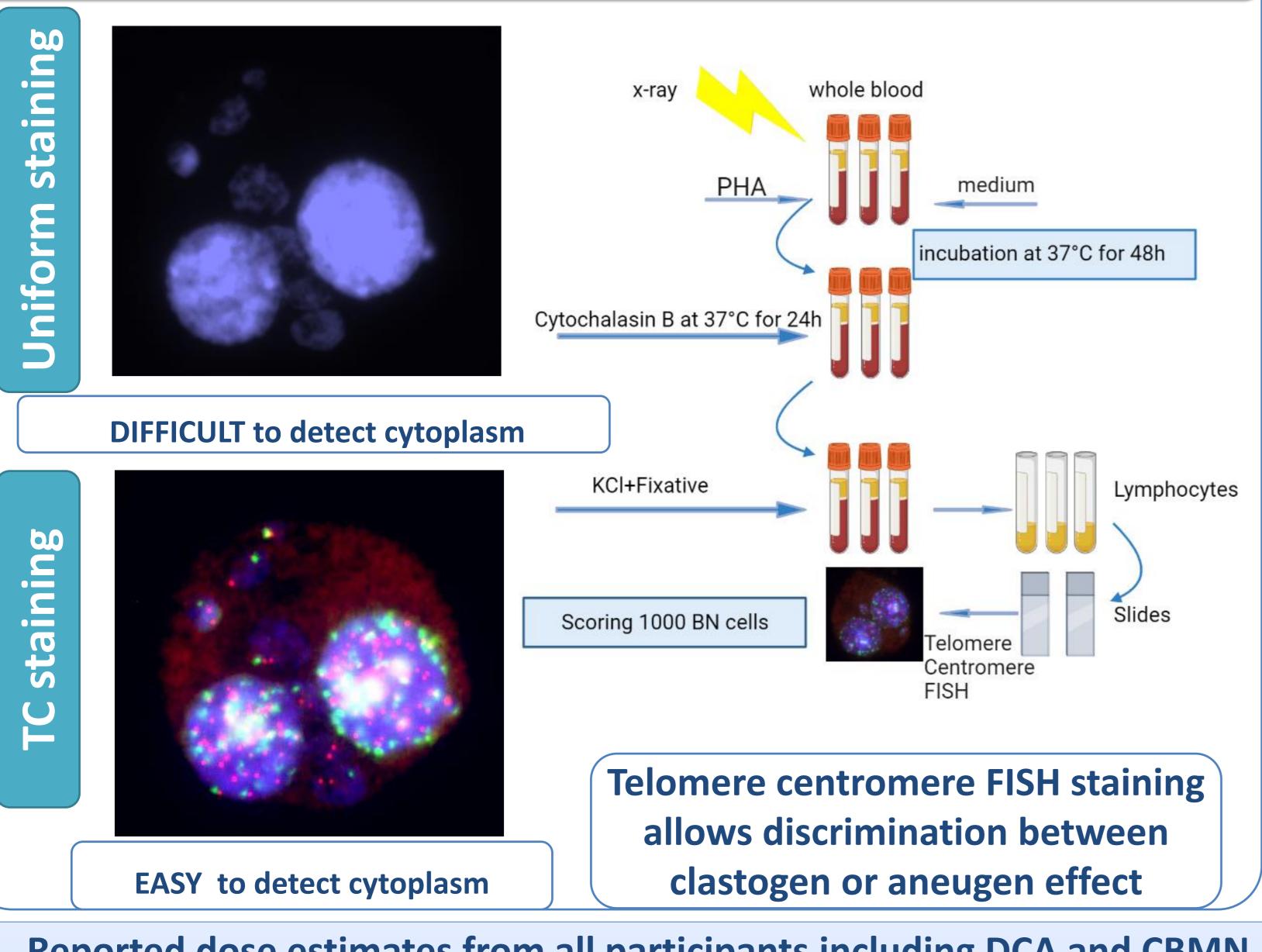
Improvement of chromosomal aberration detection

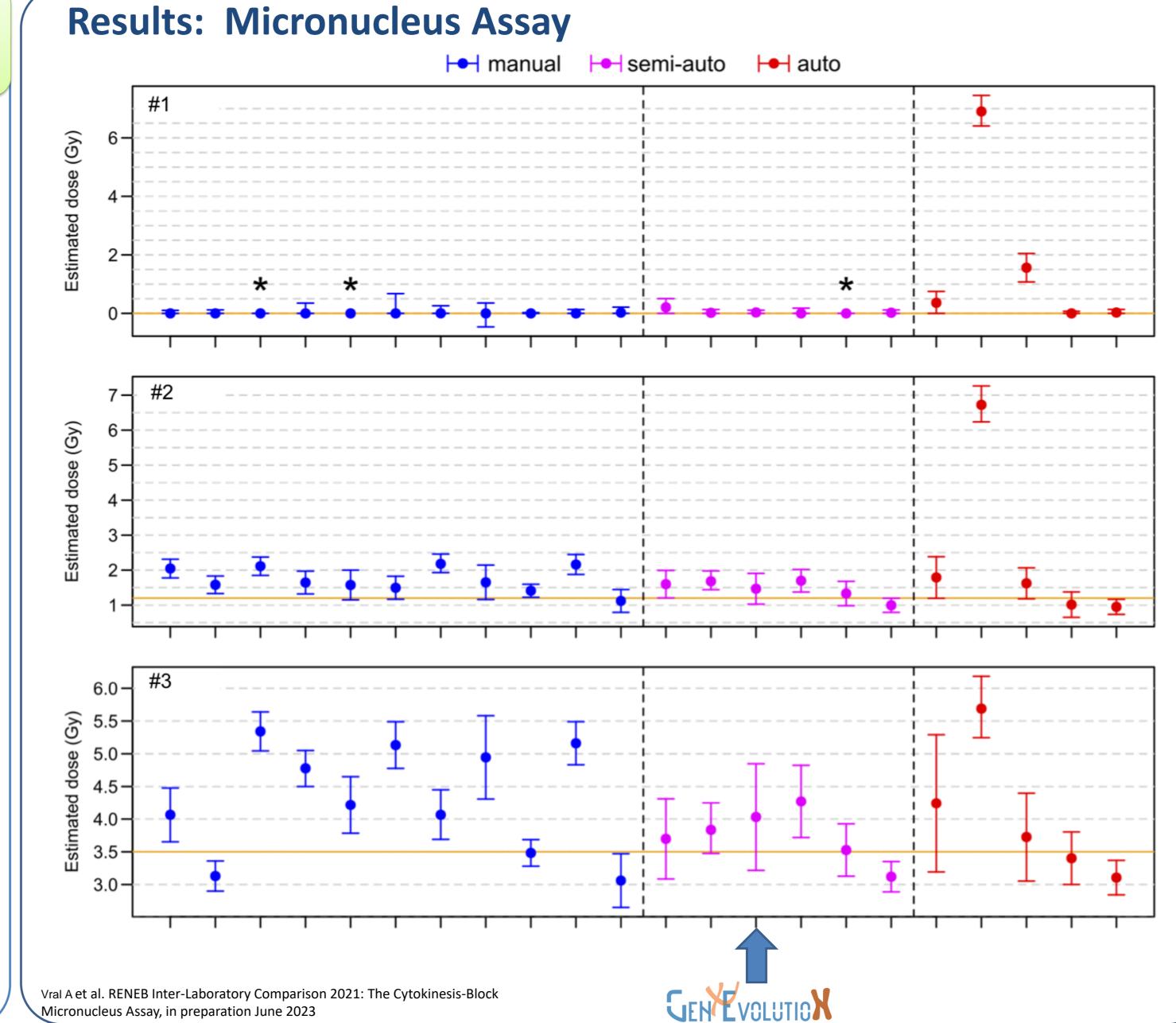
GEN EVOLUTION

Dicentric chromosome assay was performed using telomere and centromere staining for chromosomal abnormalities scoring, allowing the improvement of the technique compared to uniform staining generally used by other participating laboratories (Giemsa or DAPI), mainly due to an underestimation by conventional techniques of the dicentric having a centromere and a telomere adjacent or with very close two centromere.

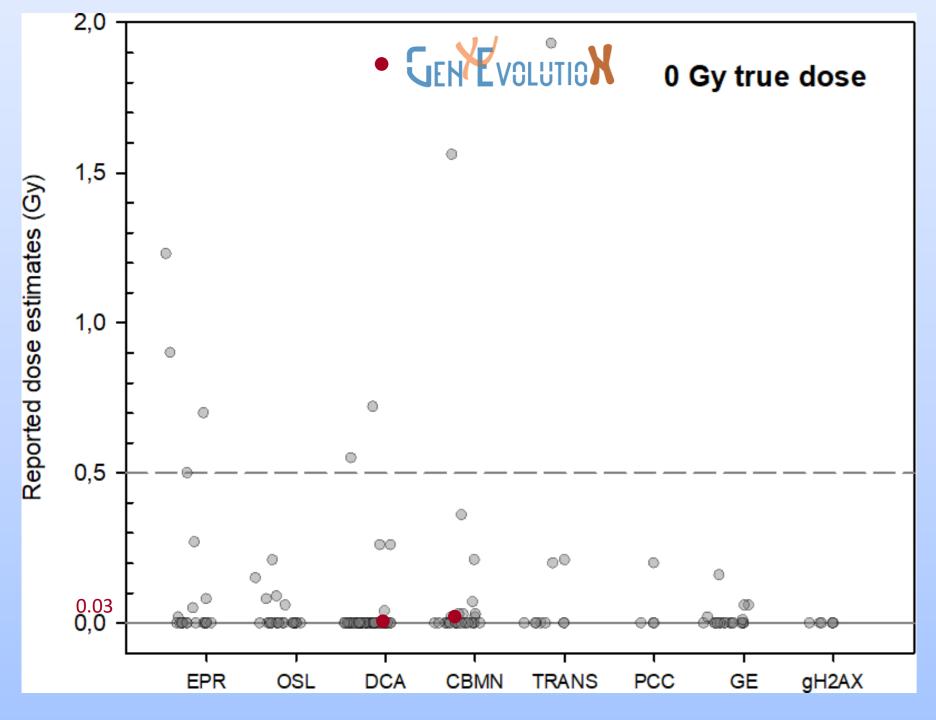
> M'kacher R, El Maalouf E, Ricoul M, Heidingsfelder L, Laplagne E, Cuceu C, Hempel WM, Colicchio B, Dieterlen A, Sabatier L. Mutation Research/ Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis 770 (2014) 45-53

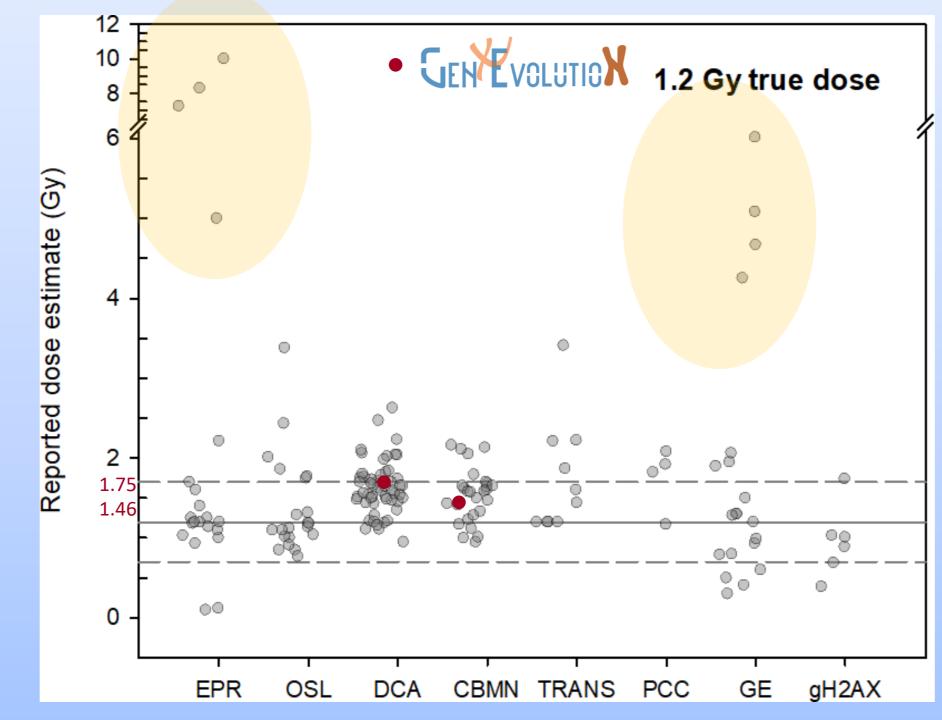
Micronucleus Assay following FISH with Telomere and Centromere

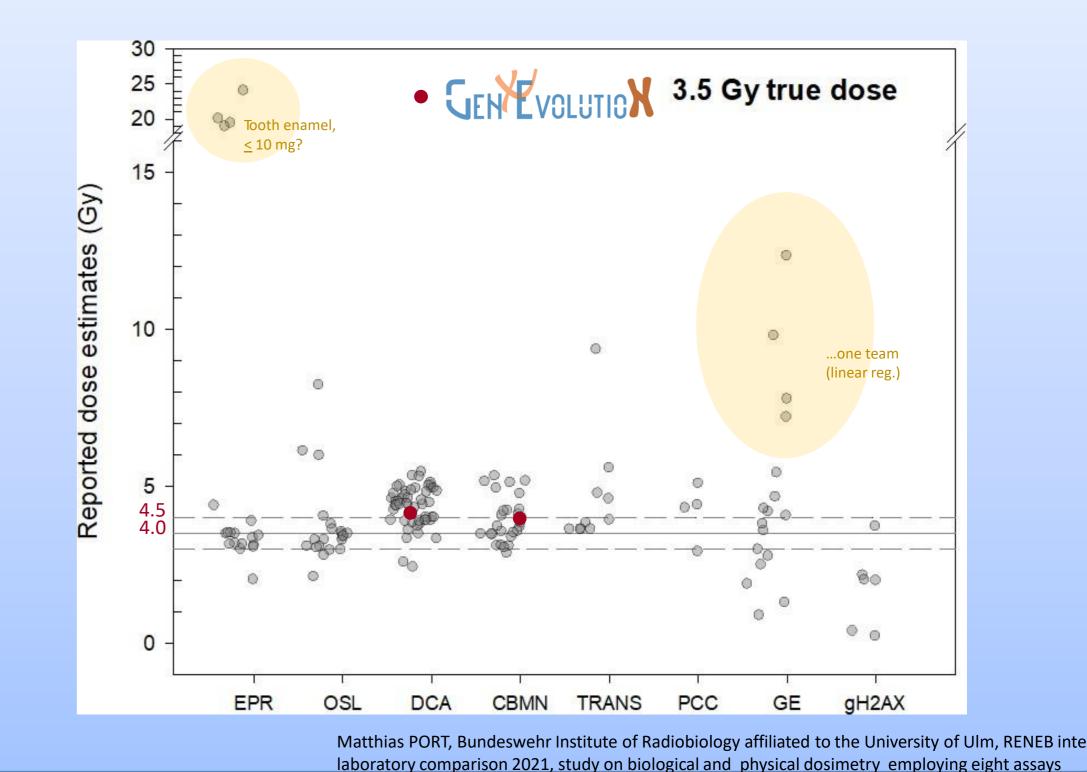




Reported dose estimates from all participants including DCA and CBMN Assays







Conclusion

Both The CBMN assay and the DCA assay allowed classification of samples in the correct triage categories. These new approaches can be used for biological dosimetry in radiation emergency medicine and to achieve high sample throughput for the processing of large cohorts of exposed populations to genotoxic agents and their follow-up.

Acknowledgement project RENEB ILC 2021